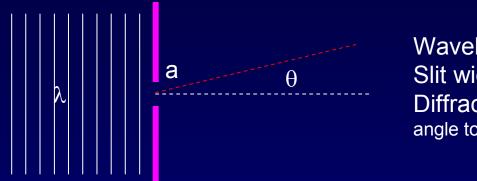
Diffraction and the Uncertainty Principle

Remember single-slit diffraction:



Wavelength: λ Slit width: a

Diffraction angle: $\theta = \lambda/a$

angle to first zero

Let's analyze this problem using the uncertainty principle.

Suppose a beam of electrons of momentum p approaches a slit of width a. How big is the angular spread of motion after it passes through the slit?

