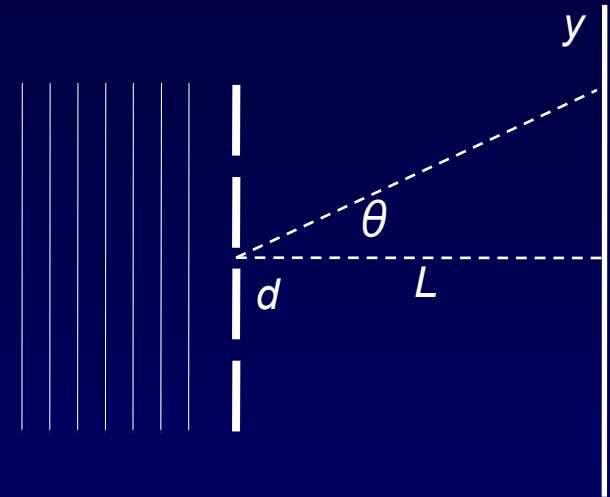


Multiple-slit Example

Three narrow slits with equal spacing d are at a distance $L = 1.4 \text{ m}$ away from a screen. The slits are illuminated at normal incidence with light of wavelength $\lambda = 570 \text{ nm}$. The first principal maximum on the screen is at $y = 2.0 \text{ mm}$.



1. What is the slit spacing, d ?
2. If the wavelength, λ , is increased, what happens to the width of the principal maxima?
3. If the intensity of each slit alone is I_1 , what is the intensity of the secondary maximum?