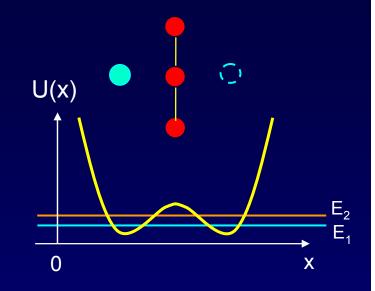
The Ammonia Maser

Stimulated emission of radiation between these two lowest energy states of ammonia $(\Delta E = 1.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ eV})$ was used to create the ammonia maser, by C. Townes in 1954 (for which he won the Nobel prize in 1964). What wavelength of radiation does the maser emit?



Solution: By energy conservation, E_2 - $E_1 = E_{photon} = hc/\lambda$ $\lambda = hc/(E_2-E_1) = 1240 \text{ eV} \cdot nm/1.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ eV} = 6.88 \times 10^6 \text{ nm}$ = 6.88 mm

microwaves

The maser was the precursor to the laser. The physics is the same (more later).