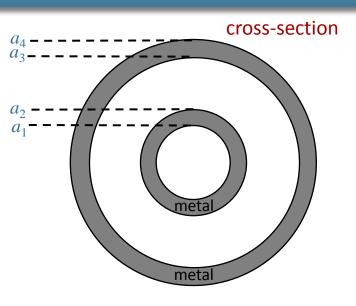
## Calculation



A capacitor is constructed from two conducting cylindrical shells of radii  $a_1$ ,  $a_2$ ,  $a_3$ , and  $a_4$  and length L ( $L >> a_i$ ).

What is the capacitance *C* of this capacitor ?

$$C \equiv \frac{Q}{V}$$

## > Strategic Analysis:

- Put +Q on outer shell and -Q on inner shell
- Cylindrical symmetry: Use Gauss' Law to calculate E everywhere
- Integrate *E* to get *V*
- Take ratio Q/V: should get expression only using geometric parameters  $(a_i, L)$