## Single Slit Diffraction Summary

Condition for halves of slit to destructively interfere

$$\sin(\theta) = \frac{\lambda}{w}$$

Condition for **quarters** of slit to destructively interfere

Condition for **sixths** of slit to destructively interfere

$$\sin(\theta) = 3\frac{\lambda}{w}$$

 $\sin(\theta) = 2^{\lambda}$ 

All together...

$$\sin \theta = m \frac{\lambda}{w}$$

$$(m = \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, ...)$$

THIS FORMULA LOCATES <u>MINIMA</u>!! Narrower slit => broader pattern Note: interference only occurs when w >  $\lambda$ 

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