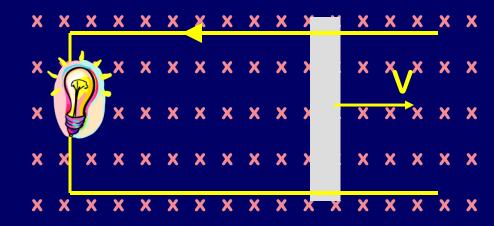




What happens if field is <u>reversed</u>? (TRY IT AT HOME)

Magnitude of current

$$I = \varepsilon / R = vBL/R$$



• Direction of Current

Counter-Clockwise (+ charges go up thru bar, down thru bulb)

• Direction of force ($F=ILB \sin(\theta)$) on bar due to magnetic field

Still to left, opposite v

F always opposes v, bar slows down Must apply external force to keep bar moving