



RC Circuits: Discharging

- **Loop:** $q(t) / C + I(t) R = 0$
- **Just after...:** $q=q_0$
 - Capacitor is still fully charged
 - $q_0 / C + I_0 R = 0 \Rightarrow I_0 = -q_0 / (RC)$
- **Long time after:** $I_c=0$
 - Capacitor is discharged (like a wire)
 - $q_\infty / C = 0 \Rightarrow q_\infty = 0$
- **Intermediate (more complex)**
 $q(t) = q_0 e^{-t/RC}$
 $I_c(t) = I_0 e^{-t/RC}$

