## First Law of Thermodynamics Isochoric Example

2 moles of monatomic ideal gas is taken from state 1 to state 2 at <u>constant volume</u> V=2m<sup>3</sup>, where T<sub>1</sub>=120K and T<sub>2</sub>=180K. Find Q.
1. Q = ΔU - W

2. ∆U = (3/2) nR ∆T = 1500 J

3.  $W = -P \Delta V = 0 J$ 

4.  $Q = \Delta U - W = 1500 + 0 = 1500 J$ 

requires less heat to raise T at const. volume than at const. pressure



