More on Permutations

Another example:

$$P = \operatorname{Row} 1 \rightarrow \operatorname{Row} 2, \operatorname{Row} 2 \rightarrow \operatorname{Row} 3, \operatorname{Row} 3 \rightarrow \operatorname{Row} 1 \text{ of } I$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Then

$$PA = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 8 & 9 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{same row exchanges as in } P$$

Conclusion: We can do row exchanges by multiplying by a permutation matrix