## Linear Combinations

## **Linear Combinations:**

$$2\left[\begin{array}{c}2\\1\end{array}\right]+3\left[\begin{array}{c}0\\1\end{array}\right]=\left[\begin{array}{c}4\\2\end{array}\right]+\left[\begin{array}{c}0\\3\end{array}\right]=\left[\begin{array}{c}4\\5\end{array}\right]$$

Question: Given a point, say  $\begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 11 \end{bmatrix}$ , in 2D, can we write it as a linear combo of the two vectors here?

$$x \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + y \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2x \\ x+y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 11 \end{bmatrix}$$
? linear combo problem

This will be a **central** and **continuing** question: Can we reach all points in 2D (nD) through linear combos of 2 (n) given vectors?