## Flip coins until

- Let's flip coins until we get the first H, and then stop. How many flips?
- Assume that any given sequence of flips of length n has probability  $2^{-n}$ .
  - (This is saying that the flips are "fair and independent", more on this later)
- Let F be the number of flips. But definition, F ≥ 1... but in theory it is unbounded.
- Let us compute:

• 
$$\mathbb{P}(F = 1) = \mathbb{P}(\{H\}) = 1/2;$$

• 
$$\mathbb{P}(F=2) = \mathbb{P}(\{TH\}) = 1/4;$$

•  $\mathbb{P}(F = 3) = \mathbb{P}(\{TTH\}) = 1/8;$ •  $\mathbb{P}(F = 4) = \mathbb{P}(\{TTTH\}) = 1/16;$ 

In general,

$$\mathbb{P}(F=n)=2^{-n}.$$