Lemma

If 0 < k < p, then $\binom{p}{k}$ is a multiple of p.

Proof.

- $\binom{p}{k}$ is an integer, call it m.
- Recall that

$$\binom{p}{k} = \frac{p!}{k!(p-k)!} = m.$$

This gives

$$p! = m \cdot k! \cdot (p - k)!$$

- The LHS is divisible by *p*.
- Since k < p, k! is not divisible by p;
- Since k p < p, k! is not divisible by p;
- Therefore *m* is divisible by *p*.