Lecture 31, class activity. Conditional Probability.

• For all of the problems below, we consider the case of flipping three independent coins, so we have

 $\Omega = \{HHH, HHT, HTH, HTT, THH, THT, TTH, TTT\},\$ 

where all outcomes in  $\Omega$  are equally likely.

- In each of the following problems, you are asked to find events  $A, B \subset \Omega$  with a certain properties, or argue why this cannot happen.
- 1.  $\mathbb{P}(A), \mathbb{P}(B) > 0$  but  $\mathbb{P}(A|B) = 0$ .

2.  $\mathbb{P}(A), \mathbb{P}(B) > 0$  and  $0 < \mathbb{P}(A|B) = \mathbb{P}(A)$ .

3.  $\mathbb{P}(A), \mathbb{P}(B) > 0$  and  $\mathbb{P}(A|B) > \mathbb{P}(A)$ .

4.  $\mathbb{P}(A), \mathbb{P}(B) > 0$  and  $\mathbb{P}(A|B) = \mathbb{P}(A)$ .