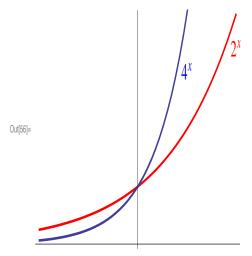
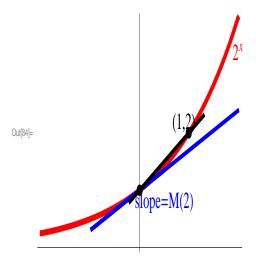
Definition The number "e" is the number for which $\lim_{h\to 0} \frac{e^h-1}{h} = 1$

Now can we be sure there is such a number "e"? is a good question to ask at this point. First notice that as the base "a" increases, the graph a^x gets steeper.



Next, we will estimate the slope M(a) for a=2 and a=4 geometrically. Look at the graph of 2^x below



The secant line from (0,1) to (1,2) of the graph y=2x has slope 1. Therefore, the slope of $y=2^x$ at x=0 is less: M(2)<1