

## A Player Starts a New Game? Call `player_new_game`.

```
int32_t player_new_game
(struct player_t* p,
 struct game_t* g)
{
    if (NULL != p->game) {
        return 0;
    }
    p->game = g;
    p->num_games++;
    return 1;
}
```

the player

the new game

Start with error checking: is the player already in a game?

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```
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(struct player_t* p,
 struct game_t* g)
{
    if (NULL != p->game) {
        return 0;
    }
    p->game = g;
    p->num_games++;
    return 1;
}
```

Update fields as necessary to reflect new game starting.

Return success.

## A Player Finishes a Game? Call `player_finish_game`.

```
int32_t player_finish_game
(struct player_t* p,
 int32_t score)
{
    if (NULL == p->game) {
        return 0;
    }
    p->game = NULL;
    p->score_dist[score_to_bin(score)]++;
    return 1;
}
```

the player

the score of the finished game

## A Player Finishes a Game? Call `player_finish_game`.

```
int32_t player_finish_game
(struct player_t* p,
 int32_t score)
{
    if (NULL == p->game) {
        return 0;
    }
    p->game = NULL;
    p->score_dist[score_to_bin(score)]++;
    return 1;
}
```

Start with error checking: is the player not in a game?

Update game field.

Return success.

Use a helper function to find the right bin.