

Modified Player Initialization Function (Changes in Blue)

```
int32_t player_init
(struct player_t* p,
 const char* n,
 const char* pswd, int32_t p_age)
{
    int32_t i;
    for (i = 0; 31 > i && '\0' != n[i];
        i++) {
        p->name[i] = n[i];
    }
    p->name[i] = '\0';
```

Finish Initializing Fields Based on Parameters

```
for (i = 0;
     19 > i && '\0' != pswd[i];
     i++) {
    p->password[i] = pswd[i];
}
```

```
p->name[i] = '\0';
p->age = p_age;
```

Copy up to
19 characters.

Copy age into
player struct.

Terminate with NUL.

Initialize Remaining Fields with Constant Values

```
p->num_games = 0;
for (i = 0; 16 > i; i++) {
    p->score_dist[i] = 0;
}
p->game = NULL;
return 1;
```

no games played yet

no scores yet

no game being played

Return success.

Let's Write Two More Functions for Players

Let's also write

- `player_new_game`, for when a player starts a game, **and**
- `player_finish_game`, for when a player finishes a game.

Both will take a `struct player_t*` as one **parameter**.

Both will return an `int32_t`:
0 for failure, 1 for success.