

Stack Frame Creation Shared by Caller and Callee

Who chooses parameter values?
(Caller or callee?)

Caller pushes the parameters
onto the stack.

For example, `main` pushes
the input to `find_abs`.

Callee creates the remainder
of the stack frame.

When JSR Returns, Return Value is on Top of Stack

Why is the return value next on the stack?

Local variables

Address of caller's stack frame

Return address (R7 in LC-3)

Outputs (return value)

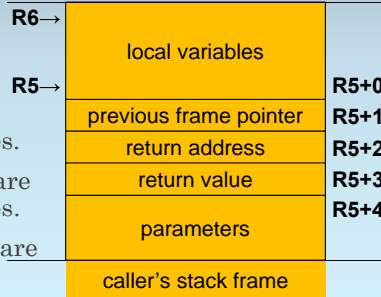
Inputs (parameters, arguments)

these form
the linkage

Return value remains on stack on return.

Local Variables and Parameters Accessed Using R5

R6 points to
top of stack.



R5 points to
bottom of
local variables.

R5+0, -1, ... are
local variables.

R5+4, +5, ... are
parameters.

Compilers Use Symbol Tables to Locate Variables

How does a compiler
generate instructions?

First, it builds a **symbol table** (like an
assembler's, but with more information).

Here's an example for `translate.c`:

scope	identifier	type	from	offset	...
<code>translate.c</code>	<code>the_number</code>	<code>int32_t</code>	R4	0	...
<code>find_abs</code>	<code>abs_value</code>	<code>int32_t</code>	R5	0	...
<code>find_abs</code>	<code>num</code>	<code>int32_t</code>	R5	4	...