

## Prototype 2nd-Order System

$$H(s) = \frac{\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$$

By the quadratic formula, the poles are:

$$\begin{aligned} s &= -\zeta\omega_n \pm \omega_n\sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1} \\ &= -\omega_n \left( \zeta \pm \sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1} \right) \end{aligned}$$

The nature of the poles changes depending on  $\zeta$ :

- ▶  $\zeta > 1$       both poles are real and negative
- ▶  $\zeta = 1$       one negative pole
- ▶  $\zeta < 1$       two complex poles with negative real parts

$$s = -\sigma \pm j\omega_d$$

where  $\sigma = \zeta\omega_n$ ,  $\omega_d = \omega_n\sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}$