Frequency Response

$$u \longrightarrow h \longrightarrow y$$

$$u(t) = A\cos(\omega t) \longrightarrow y(t) = A \underbrace{M(\omega)}_{\substack{\text{amplitude}\\\text{magnification}}} \cos\left(\omega t + \underbrace{\varphi(\omega)}_{\substack{\text{phase}\\\text{shift}}}\right)$$

magnification

Still an incomplete picture:

- ▶ What about response to general signals (not necessarily sinusoids)? — always given by Y(s) = H(s)U(s)
- ▶ What about response under *nonzero I.C.'s*?— we will see that, if the system is stable, then

 $total response = \frac{transient response}{(depends on I.C.)} + \frac{steady-state response}{(independent of I.C.)}$

need more on Laplace transforms