

Pole Placement in CCF

$$\dot{x} = (A - BK)x + Br, \quad y = Cx$$

$$A - BK = - \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & \dots & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & 1 \\ a_n + k_1 & a_{n-1} + k_2 & \dots & a_2 + k_{n-1} & a_1 + k_n \end{pmatrix}$$

Closed-loop poles are the roots of the characteristic polynomial

$$\begin{aligned} \det(Is - A + BK) \\ = s^n + (a_1 + k_n)s^{n-1} + \dots + (a_{n-1} + k_2)s + (a_n + k_1) \end{aligned}$$

Key observation: When the system is in CCF, each control gain affects only *one* of the coefficients of the characteristic polynomial, and these coefficients can be assigned arbitrarily by a suitable choice of k_1, \dots, k_n .

Hence the name **Controller Canonical Form** — convenient for control design.