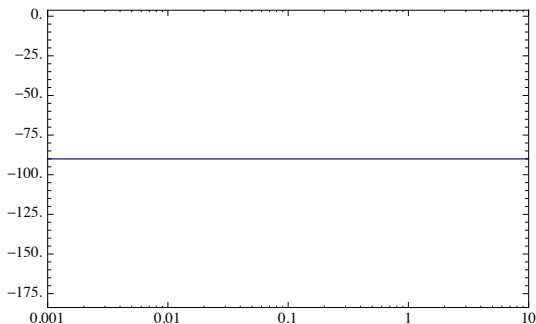


Type 1: $K_0(j\omega)^n$

Phase: $\angle K_0(j\omega)^n = \angle(j\omega)^n = n\angle j\omega = n \cdot 90^\circ$

— this is a constant, independent of ω .

In our example, we had $K_0(j\omega)^{-1}$:



— here, the phase is -90° for all ω .