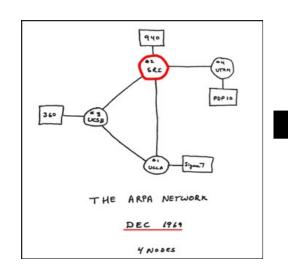
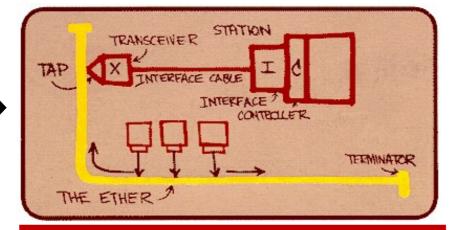
But why stop at connecting few computers in a lab?









Ethernet: Connecting computers via wires







Channel or medium and access control

Computer Systems G. Bell, S. Fuller and D. Siewiorek, Editors

Ethernet: Distributed Packet Switching for Local Computer Networks

Robert M. Metcalfe and David R. Boggs Xerox Palo Alto Research Center

Ethernet is a branching broadcast communication system for carrying digital data packets among locally distributed computing stations. The packet transport mechanism provided by Ethernet has been used to build systems which can be viewed as either local computer networks or loosely coupled multiprocessors. An Ethernet's shared communication facility, its Ether, is a passive broadcast medium with no central control. Coordi-

1. Background

One can characterize spectrum of activities vary tralization, with one extremetworking and the other exing. Remote computer networking nection of previously isolated, who construction of previously monolithic and serial computing systems. Multiprocessing is the construction of previously monolithic and serial computing systems from increasingly numerous and smaller pieces computing in parallel. Near the middle of this spectrum is local networking, the interconnection of computers to gain the resource sharing of computer networking and the parallelism of multiprocessing.

The separation between computers and the associated bit rate of their communication can be used to diside the distributed computing spectrum into broad activities. The product of separation and bit rate, now about 1 gigabit-meter per second (1 Gbmps), is an indication of the limit of current communication technology and can be expected to increase with time:

Activity	Separation	Bit rate	
Remote networks	> 10 km 101 km	< .1 Mbps .1-10 Mbps	
Local networks Multiprocessors	< .1 km	> 10 Mbps	

1.1 Remote Computer Networking Computer networking evolved from

20 milestones in Ethernet's first 40 years

The idea of protocols/code for communication