The BM25 Formula

$$\sum_{T \in Q} w^{(1)} \frac{(k_1 + 1)tf}{K + tf} \frac{(k_3 + 1)qtf}{k_3 + qtf}$$
 (1)

where

Q is a query, containing terms T $w^{(1)}$ is the Robertson/Sparck Jones weight [5] of T in Q "Okapi TF/BM25 TF"

$$\log \frac{(r+0.5)/(R-r+0.5)}{(n-r+0.5)/(N-n-R+r+0.5)}$$
 (2)

N is the number of items (documents) in the collection

n is the number of documents containing the term

R is the number of documents known to be relevant to a specific topic

r is the number of relevant documents containing the term

K is $k_1((1-b)+b.dl/avdl)$

 k_1 , b and k_2 are parameters which depend on the on the nature of the queries and possibly on the database; k_1 and b default to 1.2 and 0.75 respectively, but smaller values of b are sometimes advantageous; in long queries k_2 is often set to 7 or 1000 (effectively infinite)

tf is the frequency of occurrence of the term within a specific document

qtf is the frequency of the term within the topic from which Q was derived

dl and audi are respectively the document length and average document length measured in some suitable unit.



