To solve analogy problems of the form " w_a is to w_b as w_c is to what?", we can simply compute a query vector

$$\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{w}_b - \mathbf{w}_a + \mathbf{w}_c$$

and find the most similar word vector $\bm{v}\in \bm{W}$ to $\bm{q}.$ If we normalize \bm{q} to unit-length

$$\hat{\mathbf{q}} = \frac{\mathbf{q}}{||\mathbf{q}||}$$

and assume each vector in ${\bf W}$ is also unit-length, this reduces to computing

and returning the associated word *v*.