

## For strong induction

For example, suppose you want to prove that  $f(n) = 0$  for all  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ .

You say  $P(n)$  asserts that  $f(n) = 0$ , and you check base cases  $n = 1, 2$ .

Your Inductive Hypothesis is: for some arbitrary  $n \geq 2$ ,  $P(k)$  is true for all integers  $k$  between 1 and  $n$

You now want to show that  $P(n+1)$  is true.

Notes:

- ▶ You do not say you want to show that  $P(k+1)$  is true.
- ▶ You do not say  $P(k) = 0$
- ▶ You do not say  $f(n)$  is true
- ▶ Your Inductive Hypothesis is not “for some arbitrary  $n \geq 3$ ”
- ▶ Your Inductive Hypothesis is not “for some arbitrary  $n \geq 2$  and for all  $k$  between 1 and  $n$ ,  $P(n)$  is true”