All Pairs Shortest Path

The input is an undirected graph G = (V, E) with positive edge weights on the edges.

Given a path P between two vertices v_i and v_j , the **cost** (or **length**) of P is the sum of the weights on the edges in the path. We write this as Cost(P).

A shortest path between two vertices is one with minimum cost.

We want to find the length of the shortest path between every pair of vertices, and store this in an $n \times n$ matrix (where n = |V|).

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